STATE OF COLORADO ANNUAL STATEMENT OF PROPERTY 2008 DECLARATION RURAL TELEPHONE COMPANY

COLORADO DIVISION OF PROPERTY TAXATION STATE ASSESSED PROPERTY SECTION 1313 SHERMAN STREET, ROOM 419 DENVER, COLORADO 80203 FAX: (303)866-4000

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DUE APRIL 1, 2008

Please make changes to label if needed	Type of State Assessed Company: TR
	Rural Telephone Company
Company Name :	Federal Employer Identification Number:
Contact / Dept. :	
(first) (last)	
Street Address :	
Unit / Suite # :	
City, State, Zip:	
Colorado Registered Agent	State of Incorporation:
Name:	Year Colorado Operations Began:
(first) (last)	
Company Contact for this report:	Tax agent contact for this report: (Note 1)
Name:	Name:
(first) (last)	(first) (last)
Title:	Title:
Phone: Fax:	Phone:
-	Fax:
Email:	Email:
	DECLARATION
	nd degree that this statement, together with any accompanying exhibits or schedules,
	knowledge, information, and belief, sets forth a full and complete list of all ler the control of the reporting entity. I further declare that such property has
1 1 0	epresented, and that no attempt has been made to mislead the Property Tax
Administrator as to its age, quality, or value.	
(Signature)	
(Name)	
(Title)	(Date)
Note 1: If the reporting entity uses an agent to	prepare or represent the reporting entity in matters related to this
	of authorization signed by an officer of the reporting entity must be

submitted as an addenda to this report.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008 THIS IS A CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENT

This report with all attachments must be postmarked on or before April 1, 2008. Failure to file by April 1, 2008, results in a PENALTY OF \$100 PER DAY, beginning April 2, 2008, unless an extension is granted. When an extension is granted, filing is due on or before April 23, 2008, and penalties start on April 24, 2008. The total penalty cannot exceed \$3,000.

You must complete this report or an identical reproduction. Complete reports must include all requested information for all pages. The only exceptions are: Page 2, the additional documents requested must be filed by April 23, and Page 6, for non-publicly traded companies. Incomplete pages will be returned for completion. Failure to complete and return these pages within seven days will result in the commencement of a \$100 per day penalty and a Best Information Available valuation. The total penalty cannot exceed \$3,000.

The following documents MUST BE FILED IN ADDITION to this report if applicable to the parent or reporting company:

- (a) Balance sheet, income statement, statement of retained earnings and statement of cash flows.
- (b) SEC Form 10-Ks, and 10-Qs if other than December 31, fiscal year end.
- (c) Annual Report to Share/Stockholders,
- (d) Annual Report(s) to the following agencies / commissions if required:

Federal Communications Commission Colorado Public Utilities Commission

State the exact nature of the	business of the REPOR	TING COMP	ANY in the State of Colorado: C	heck those box as are ap	pplicable
[] Rural Telephone Service			Cellular Services [] Private Netv	work Services [] Long	Distance
What percentage of repor	ting company gross re	venue for 20	07 is ascribed to State and Fed	eral subsidy payments	s?%
* *	•		previous calendar year such as TING COMPANY and its ulti	•	
Is the REPORTING COM	MPANY a proprietorsh	ip, partnersh	ip, S corporation, corporation,	association, joint vent	ture, other?
Is the REPORTING COM	лРАNY a subsidiary o	f another cor	rporation?	Yes	No
What is the NAME of the	e ultimate PARENT co	ompany?			
Are securities of either th	e REPORTING or PA	RENT comp	panies publicly traded?		
Common Stock Bonds	Yes Yes	No No	Preferred Stock	Yes	No
Tax Agents must have a c	current letter of agency	on file with	the Division for each company	y represented.	
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Colorado Annual Statement of Property - 2008	
	(Reporting Company Name)

	Parent Company		Repo	orting Company Sys	stem		
ACCOUNT TITLE	2007	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	
1 Operating Revenues							
2 Operating Expenses							
3 Depreciation and Amortization							
4 Operating income before taxes	0	0	0	0	0		0
5 Income taxes on operating income							
6 Net Operating Income	0	0	0	0	0		0
7 Total other income (deductions)							
3 Income taxes on non-operating income							
9 Interest expenses							
O Income before extraordinary items			_				

SIX-YEAR REPORTING COMPANY SYSTEM NET OPERATING PROPERTY							
ACCOUNT TITLE		31-Dec-07	31-Dec-06	31-Dec-05	31-Dec-04	31-Dec-03	31-Dec-02
Net Operating Property (Page 4, Line 15, Middle Column)							

BALANCE SHEET - You must complete this page even if you attach a copy of your income statement and balance sheet **ASSETS** Parent Company Reporting Company System Reporting Company Colorado 1 Historical Cost of Plant in Service 2 Construction work in progress 3 Intangibles (goodwill, acq adjustments, etc.) 4 Other property and equipment 5 Property under capital leases 6 Inventories, materials and supplies (1) 7 Total Operating Property 8 Accumulated depreciation and amortization \$ 9 Net Operating Property (Line 7 - 8) \$ 10 Current Assets (less materials and supplies) 11 Investments and other assets 12 All other depreciation and amortization 13 Total Assets \$ \$ \$ 14 Contributions in aid of construction PROPERTY UNDER OPERATING LEASES 15 Net book value of leased property N/A 16 Original cost of leased property N/A 17 Lease payment N/A 18 Average age of leased property N/A 19 Average remaining life of leased property N/A **LIABILITIES AND EQUITY** 20 Common stock and paid-in capital N/A 21 Preferred stock N/A 22 Retained earnings N/A 23 Patronage Capital N/A 24 Long-term debt due after one year N/A

25 Long-term debt due within one year

26 Current and accrued liabilities

28 Total Liabilities and Equity

27 Total other liabilities

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

 $^{(1) \ \} Includes inventories \ held \ for \ resale, \ and \ materials \ and \ supplies \ held \ for \ consumption.$

	SCHEDULI	E OF LONG TERM I	DEDI - PAKENI CO		
Rate of	Maturity	Face	Outstanding	Average Market Value	
Debt	Date	Value	Principal	Per \$100	Market Value
TOTALS			¢		•
IUIALS		-	\$ -		\$ -
Current Bond Rating:		S&P:		Moody's:	
		<u> </u>			
Total outstanding principal	should agree with pag	e 4, line 24, column 1.			
	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	OF LONG TERRITE	DE DEBORTES	TO A FD A PAY	
		OF LONG TERM DE			
Coupon	Complete sch	edule if reporting comp	pany s debt is not includ	ded above. Market	
Rate of	Maturity	Face	Outstanding	Market Value	
Debt	Date	Value	Principal	Per \$100	Market Value
			•		
					_
TOTALS			<u> </u>		\$ -
Current Bond Rating:		S&P:		Moody's:	
Total outstanding principal	should agree with pag	e 4, line 24, column 2.	_		
If the bonds are publicly tra market values. If market va	alue is derived by mean				
debt net of long term debt d	lue within one year.				

NOT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE IF NON-PUBLICLY TRADED

Value

	SCHEDULE OF COLORADO DEDUCTIONS FROM OPERATION	NG PROPERTY
		COLORADO NET BOOK VALUE
1.	Locally assessed property (note 1)	
2.	Construction work in progress - personal property portion only (note 2)	
3.	Licensed vehicles (note 3)	
4.	Licensed special mobile machinery (SMM) (note 3)	
5.	Inventories, materials and supplies (note 4)	
6.	Other Property (note 5)	
		\$ -
	Notes	
1.	Only deductible if included in Operating Property Accounts (page 4) and documented of	on page 11.
2.	Attach details including a schedule with project description, county location, and accumulated cost as of 12-31-07.	F8
3.	Licensed vehicles and/or SMM machinery MUST be included as operating property on	page 4 to be deductible.
4.	Includes inventories held for resale, and materials and supplies held for consumption.	
5.	Attach details, including a schedule with property or project description, historical cost	, net book
	value as of 12-31-07, location, and your reason why it should be deducted from your va	alue. Otherwise, no
	deduction will be allowed.	
	COLORADO AND SYSTEM-WIDE CUSTOMER CO	UNTS
	2008: Year-End 2007 Colorado	System

Number of Customers

Number or Percent Residential Number or Percent Commercial

ompany:

2008 Reporting Form for Dark Fiber located in Colorado

Route:	County to County
Туре:	Fiber / IRU

	FIBER CONDUITS IN SERVICE HAVING DARK FIBERS							
			ACCUMULATE					
			D					
			DEPRECIATIO					
	ACQUISITION		N (MAX AT	CONDUIT		LIT FIBER		PERCENTAGE
COLORADO COUNTY	COST	NBV	90%)	MILEAGE	FIBER MILES	MILES	MILES	DARK
Grand Total				_				

DARK FIBER: FIBE	R CONDUIT(S) TH	HAT HAS NOT B	EEN PLACED II	N SERVICE SIN	CE CONSTRUCT	ION OR ACQU	ISITION	
ACQUISITION CONDUIT LIT FIBER DARK FIBER								
COLORADO COUNTY	COST	NBV		MILEAGE	FIBER MILES	MILES	MILES	
Grand Total								

Total Acq. Cost All Fiber:	Grand Total of Fiber acquisition costs. Total must match amount reported as Other Property
	on line 4 of page 4 of Annual Statement of Property (ASOP).

Dark Fiber Valuation Procedures and Reporting Form for State Assessed Fixed-Based and Rural Telephone Companies

To recognize obsolescence created by the existence of dark fiber, the Division of Property Taxation (DPT) will begin implementing a new standardized reporting page in its 2008 Annual Statement of Property (ASOP). The dark fiber reporting page must be completely filled out with supporting documentation along with the entire ASOP completed in its entirely for dark fiber obsolescence to be considered.

Procedures:

There are two types of dark fiber that the DPT will be considering for adjustment. This depends on whether the dark fiber(s) exist within a conduit that had fiber previously "lit" (in use) or if the dark fiber(s) were part of a conduit that was constructed new or acquired from another entity and has not been put into service at any time prior to or on the January 1, 2008, assessment date.

If you have any conduit routes that you have constructed or acquired that have been lit, you need to list the separately in the second or lower box of the Fiber Reporting Form above. The net book value of "never-used" fibers will be excluded from the cost approach and rate of

return calculations prior to determining a final value.

Definitions:

Dark Fiber: "optical fiber infrastructure, cabling, or repeaters currently in place but not being used in the form of light pulses so the "dark" means no light pulses are being sent."

Fiber-Miles: The total miles of Colorado fiber conduit multiplied by the number of fibers in the conduit.

Pursuant to 39-3-118.5:

Non-Taxable Fiber Assets: If the entire conduit has never been used since being constructed or acquired by the present taxpayer, the conduit is not taxable.

Business Personal Property Exemption: For property tax years commencing on or after January 1, 1996, business personal property shall be exempt from the levy and collection of property tax until such business personal property is first used in the business after acquisition.

Attach additional sheets as needed.

(Reporti	ng Com	pany N	(ame)

APPORTIONMENT TO COLORADO COUNTIES

	Historic cost of operating	Percent		Historic cost of operating	Percent
	property, less historical cost	of Total		property, less historical cost	of Total
County	of Colorado deductions	Colo. property	County	of Colorado deductions	Colo. property
Adams		0.0%	Kit Carson		0.0%
Alamosa		0.0%	La Plata		0.0%
Arapahoe		0.0%	Lake		0.0%
Archuleta		0.0%	Larimer		0.0%
Baca		0.0%	Las Animas		0.0%
Bent		0.0%	Lincoln		0.0%
Boulder		0.0%	Logan		0.0%
Broomfield		0.0%	Mesa		0.0%
Chaffee		0.0%	Mineral		0.0%
Cheyenne		0.0%	Moffat		0.0%
Clear Creek		0.0%	Montezuma		0.0%
Conejos		0.0%	Montrose		0.0%
Costilla		0.0%	Morgan		0.0%
Crowley		0.0%	Otero		0.0%
Custer		0.0%	Ouray		0.0%
Delta		0.0%	Park		0.0%
Denver		0.0%	Phillips		0.0%
Dolores		0.0%	Pitkin		0.0%
Douglas		0.0%	Prowers		0.0%
Eagle		0.0%	Pueblo		0.0%
El Paso		0.0%	Rio Blanco		0.0%
Elbert		0.0%	Rio Grande		0.0%
Fremont		0.0%	Routt		0.0%
Garfield		0.0%	Saguache		0.0%
Gilpin		0.0%	San Juan		0.0%
Grand		0.0%	San Miguel		0.0%
Gunnison		0.0%	Sedgwick		0.0%
Hinsdale		0.0%	Summit		0.0%
Huerfano		0.0%	Teller		0.0%
Jackson		0.0%	Washington		0.0%
Jefferson		0.0%	Weld		0.0%
Kiowa		0.0%	Yuma		0.0%
			TOTAL	\$ -	0.0%

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(Use a Separate Sheet for Each County)

SCHEDULE OF **STATE ASSESSED** OWNED OPERATING PROPERTY - **REAL ESTATE**

This chart is for owned real estate included on the balance sheet and is state assessed. Use page 11 for locally assessed property. List all Colorado operating property (real, not personal) held in fee.

FACILITY NAME, ADDRESS AND/OR LEGAL DESCRIPTION	DATE PURCHASED	PRICE	DEPRECIATED VALUE
	TOTAL COUNTY		

SCHEDULE OF **STATE ASSESSED** LEASED OPERATING PROPERTY - **REAL ESTATE**

List all Colorado operating property (real, not personal) held in fee by another interest. Indicate if the lessor is a related party.

ADDRESS / LESSOR NAME	DESCRIPTION	NET BOOK VALUE*	ANNUAL PAYMENT	LEASE INCEPTION DATE	LEASE EXPIRATION DATE
	TOTAL COUNTY				

^{*} Net book value required only if leased property is included on balance sheet.

		Name)	

COUNTY NAME --

(Use a Separate Sheet for Each County)

SCHEDULE OF **LOCALLY ASSESSED** OWNED OPERATING PROPERTY - **REAL ESTATE**

List all Colorado operating property (real, not personal) held in fee and locally assessed. Indicate the county parcel identification number and/or schedule number. Include what is reported on Page 4 (Balance Sheet) and deducted on Page 7.

FACILITY NAME / ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION/SCHEDULE NO.	NET BOOK VALUE

SCHEDULE OF <u>LOCALLY ASSESSED</u> LEASED OPERATING PROPERTY - **REAL ESTATE**LEASED FROM OTHERS, TAXED TO OWNER

List all Colorado operating property that is leased and locally assessed. Indicate the county parcel identification number and/or schedule number. Include what is reported on Page 4 (Balance Sheet).

LESSOR NAME / ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION	LEASE INCEPTION DATE	LEASE EXPIRATION DATE
DESSON MAIL / MDDRESS	DESCRIPTION	DITTE	DATE

7	Reporting	Company	νN	ame	7

COUNTY	NAME ·	
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(Use a Separate Sheet for Each County)

NON-OPERATING PROPERTY LEASED $\underline{\mathbf{TO}}$ OTHERS - OWNED BY YOU

Capitalized leases are entered on the balance sheet. This page is for operating leases only.

FACILITY NAME / ADDRESS	LECAL DESCRIPTION/SCHEDULE NO	ACCECCED WALLE
FACILITY NAME / ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION/SCHEDULE NO.	ASSESSED VALUE

(Reporting Company Name)

SCHEDULE OF **STATE ASSESSED** POSSESSORY INTEREST PROPERTY

Under the "unit value" concept set forth in Colorado statute 39-4-102(1), C.R.S., public utility companies must list all property that is owned, leased, or used in the operation of the public utility in Colorado. Possessory interests in government property used in a revenue-generating capacity are considered property for the purpose of arriving at the Colorado portion for the public utility company. Possessory interests are defined as private property interests on government property that has been granted under lease, permit, license, concession, contract, or other agreement

Please list all government agreements granting the use of their property in the section below. Government property includes all federal, state, local government property and subdivisions thereof. Lease Inception Date and Lease Expiration Date refer to the current term of the lease and do not include any renewal option time periods.

LESSOR NAME	COLORADO COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ANNUAL PAYMENT	LEASE * INCEPTION DATE	LEASE * EXPIRATION DATE

^{*-} Lease refers to lease, permit, license, concession, contract, or other agreement.

REPORTING OF NEW CONSTRUCTION COSTS BY PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES

Why Reporting of New Construction Costs is Important

New construction plays an important role in both the 5.5 percent property tax limit and the TABOR local growth calculation. New construction also plays a key role in determining the target percentage used in the residential assessment rate calculation.

Section 20 of article X of the Colorado Constitution (**TABOR**) places several limits on the budgets of local and state governments. Two of these limits, the local government fiscal year spending limit and the property tax revenue limit, require the calculation of "local growth." For non-school taxing entities, "local growth" is the percentage change in the actual value of real property resulting from taxable new construction and other additions minus taxable destroyed property and other deletions. Most local taxing entities, other than school districts and home rule municipalities, are also subject to a statutory limitation found in § 29-1-301, C.R.S. This restriction, called the **5.5 percent property tax revenue limitation**, is similar in concept to the TABOR property tax limit, but it is calculated using a different set of data. If you have additional questions regarding how new construction is incorporated into TABOR or the 5.5 percent revenue limit calculation, please contact the Administrative Resources Section of the Division of Property Taxation at (303)866-2371.

What Constitutes New Construction Costs to be Reported in the Annual Statement of Property?

New construction is defined as the installed net book value of <u>all</u> real and personal property put into service as operating property during the preceding calendar year up to and including December 31.

New construction includes:

- The installed net book value of all property <u>first</u> put into service as operating property as of January 1 of the current assessment year.
- New construction also includes remodels and additions to either real or personal property, provided the remodel or addition costs are capitalized and reported as operating property.

The new construction calculation certified to the counties is affected by economic obsolescence present in the overall operating property. The final calculation is on the first two pages of the final Notice of Valuation (NOV) received annually from the Division of Property Taxation. The new construction value may be zero (0) if it is determined that new personal property was not associated with new real property. In summary, we ask that you report all new construction even though you know or believe there is no associated real property.

Pipelines and electrical transmission systems often span several counties. The pipelines and electrical lines themselves are personal property, but the system might also include real property structures. When a newly constructed system spans several Colorado counties, and it includes a new structure(s) constructed in at least one of the counties, the associated new personal property is itself new construction and shall be apportioned to all counties wherein the property is located. New construction costs that are accrued annually for a multi-year construction, e.g. a power generation facility, should <u>not</u> be reported until the entire project goes into operation. At that time, the <u>full amount</u> of new construction value assigned to the project should be reported as new construction.

How should New Construction Costs be Reported on the Annual Statement of Property (ASOP)?

Each year, new construction costs must be reported <u>for each county</u> in the New Construction section located at the end of the ASOP. Shown on the next page is the section of the ASOP where new construction costs must be reported.

All costs reported must be on a <u>net book value</u> (NBV) basis based on the books and records of the company. Attach additional sheets if necessary.

PANIES

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COUNTY NAME

(Reporting Company Name)

SCHEDULE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION AND ASSOCIATED NEW PERSONAL PROPERTY NEW CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION WILL NOT INCREASE YOUR ASSESSED VALUE.

Newly constructed real property is the net book value (NBV) of any new structure, remodels and additions completed in calendar year 2007. It does not include repairs or general maintenance of existing facilities, or the purchase of existing real property

New personal property is the net book value (NBV) of new personal property associated with the newly constructed real property, and placed in service in calendar year 2007.

Destroyed real property is the net book value (NBV) of real property destroyed in calendar year 2007. **Total NBV Jan/1/2007** is the beginning property basis before the new property additions during the year.

COUNTY NAME		(Use a Separate Sheet for Each County)			
REAL PROPERTY NEWLY CONSTRUCTED in 2007 DESCRIPTION	NEW REAL PROPERTY NET BOOK VALUE	REAL PROPERTY DESTROYED in 2007 DESCRIPTION	DESTROYED REAL PROPERTY NET BOOK VALUE		
TOTAL TOTAL NET BOOK VALUE OF COUN	NTY REAL PROPERTY A	TOTAL AS OF JAN/1/2007	>		
PERSONAL PROPERTY NEW ADDITIONS in 2007 DESCRIPTION		NEW PERSONAL PROPERTY NET BOOK VALUE			
TOTAL TOTAL NET BOOK VALUE OF COUN	NTY PERSONAL PROPE	RTY AS OF JAN/1/2007 ———————————————————————————————————	<u>-</u>		

Attach additional sheets as necessary.

How Should the Distribution of New Construction Values Be Reported to Counties?

When distributing values to county assessors, the location(s) of the new construction real and associated personal property should be provided. Ideally, the location of this property will come in the form of the legal description or situs address of the new property. If it is located at more than one site, please provide a distribution for each location. Providing this information enables the assessor to certify the new construction to the correct taxing entities, and it allows those entities to receive the benefit of the new construction growth allowed under TABOR and the 5.5 percent limitation.

The existence of significant new construction will generally result in a change to the percentage distribution of the overall value. The overall value distributed to the tax areas or taxing entities in which new construction is located cannot be lower than the new construction value itself.